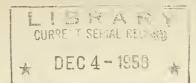
Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



Meserne A280.3939 M34C



CONSUMER PURCHASES OF

Selected Fruits and Juices

JUNE 1958



CPFJ 67
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURE - WASHINGTON

Agricultural Marketing Service

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

PREFACE

This report presents estimated total household consumer purchases of fresh citrus fruits, canned juices, and frozen concentrated juices and ades. These data represent projections to national totals based on reported purchases, and related information, from a representative national sample of approximately 6,000 household consumers.

A committee of the Florida industry working with representatives of the Department and the Market Research Corporation of America has reviewed the accuracy of the data presented in this series of reports. Based on past experience, and comparison with packers' reports, Bureau of Census stock reports, and estimates of use other than by householders, the committee agreed that projection of purchases by the Market Research Corporation of America consumer panel to a national total basis results in an over-estimate of purchases of frozen concentrated orange juice and canned single-strength grape-fruit juice. However, for each of these products, these data are considered as reliable indicators of both trends and relative changes in household purchases from one period to another.

The reports are issued as a part of a program financed cooperatively by participating fruit industry groups and the U. S. Department of Agriculture with funds provided under the Agricultural Marketing Act.

All data for single months in the report are based on 4-week periods (28 days) in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length.

Based on data collected by the Market Research Corporation of America, under contract with the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

CONSUMER PURCHASES OF SELECTED FRUITS AND JUICES JUNE 1958

:	The data in this report represent estimated total purchases	•
:	by household consumers only and do not include those by hotels,	:
:	restaurants, hospitals, or other institutional outlets. Data for	:
:	single months are for 4-week periods (28 days) to permit compari-	•
	sons between periods of equal length.	•
•	sons between periods of equal length.	:

SUMMARY

Household purchases of fruit and vegetable juices, computed on a single-strength basis, in June 1958 were about 12 percent less than in June a year earlier. The decline reflected a 43-percent drop in purchases of frozen concentrated orange juice and rather large declines in purchases of lemon juice and single-strength and frozen concentrated grapefruit juices. Offsetting in part were substantial increases in purchases of canned single-strength orange juice and the single-strength and frozen concentrated juices not separately reported. Moderate gains also were reported for chilled orange juice.

Purchases of frozen concentrated lemonade and canned single-strength orangeade declined from June 1957 in contrast to larger purchases of frozen and shelf-pack concentrated orangeades.

Purchases of fresh oranges in June 1958 were about one-third below the June 1957 volume, while grapefruit purchases were down 44 percent. Buying of lemons, however, was moderately greater than a year earlier.

Prices paid for fresh and processed oranges and grapefruit were considerably higher in June 1958 than in the corresponding period a year earlier. The higher prices, along with the lower volume of purchases were directly related to the smallest orange and grapefruit crops for several years. The decline in crop production was associated with adverse weather conditions—freezes in Florida and hot weather and strong winds in California.

Prices paid for fresh lemons were a little higher than in June 1957, but were lower for lemon juice and frozen concentrated lemonade.

Production of citrus fruits and products, 1957-58: The July 1 estimate of the U.S. Department of Agriculture indicated the 1957-58 orange crop was about 17 percent smaller than a year earlier, with the crop in California down 35 percent, and in Florida, 11 percent. The grapefruit crop was estimated to be 10 percent smaller, reflecting a 17-percent drop in Florida, partially offset by increases in other States. It was estimated that Florida accounted for about three-fourths of the 1957-58 production of oranges and grapefruit.

According to published reports of the Florida Canners Association, production of frozen concentrated orange juice in Florida, where most of the orange and grapefruit juices are canned, was about one-fifth less in the 1957-58 season than in the preceding year. The decline reflected fewer oranges available for processing, and a 12-percent drop in the yield of juice per box of oranges. Production of shelf-pack concentrate was down even more, but the pack

of canned single-strength orange juice was moderately greater. Production of canned single-strength and of frozen concentrated grapefruit juice in retail sizes was down substantially.

The California lemon crop was estimated at 4 percent below 1956-57, but 20 percent above average. About 12 percent more lemons were processed by the end of June than a year earlier, but about one-third fewer lemons remained for harvest.

Frozen juices, chilled juice, and ades: Household purchases of frozen concentrated orange juice in a 28-day period in June 1958 were down 43 percent from the corresponding period in June a year earlier, and 35 percent from the June average for the 3 preceding years. The volume of purchases a year earlier was close to the record level while those in June 1958 were the lowest since early 1952. 1/ Only about 24 percent of the Nation's families bought frozen concentrated orange juice in June 1958 in comparison with more than 30 percent in the preceding June. Families purchased frozen orange concentrate as frequently as last June--about every 2 weeks--but the individual purchase dropped from about 4 cans (6-ounce) in June 1957 to 2.8 cans in June 1958, and the average buying family purchase fell from 8.3 cans to 5.9 cans. Prices paid for frozen orange concentrate averaged 23.9 cents per can, a rise of 10.6 cents over the record low of June 1957, and 8.6 cents more than the 1956-57 season average (table 1, fig. 1).

The average buying family spent about \$1.41 for frozen concentrated orange juice in the 28-day period in June, 30 cents more than a year earlier. The total consumer expenditure for the month, however, remained much the same as in June 1957, while expenditures so far this season (28-day periods October 1957-June 1958) were up 7 percent from the corresponding period of 1956-57.

Consumer buying of frozen concentrated juices other than orange and grapefruit was up 20 percent from June a year earlier, and purchases this season were 40 percent ahead of the same period in 1956-57. An average of 19.2 cents was paid in June 1958 for a 6-ounce can of "other" concentrate, a rise of 1.3 cents over the preceding June.

Consumer buying of chilled orange juice in June 1958 increased about 8 percent over the preceding June. The gain was associated with an increase in the proportion of families buying. This season's purchases of the product have been about one-fourth ahead of the corresponding 1956-57 months. Prices paid for chilled orange juice averaged 40.4 cents per quart, 5.5 cents more than in June 1957. On the average, buying families spent about \$1.66 for chilled orange juice during the 28-day period, 18 cents more than in June 1957 (tables 1 and 6).

Purchases of canned single-strength orangeade in June 1958 were down 15 percent from a year earlier. Buying remained at the level of the 2 preceding months, in contrast to a 40-percent seasonal rise between April and June in

^{1/} Data in this report are for 28-day periods to facilitate comparisons.

both 1956 and 1957. Nevertheless, purchases this season remained about the same as a year earlier. The drop in volume of purchases from June 1957 reflected a decline in the proportion of families buying. About 27.8 cents was paid for a 46-ounce can of orangeade, an advance of 1 cent over June 1957 (table 2, fig. 2).

Household purchases of shelf-pack orangeade concentrate were up 35 percent from June 1957, with some increase in the proportion of families buying accounting for gain. Purchases of the product this season were about 22 percent ahead of the corresponding period in 1956-57. Prices paid averaged 17.9 cents per 6-ounce can, an increase of 0.9 cent over a year earlier (table 1).

Purchases of frozen concentrated orangeade in June 1958 were at the highest level in 3 years. The product was purchased by about 1 percent of the Nation's families, with buying families' purchases averaging 3.4 cans for the 28-day period. An average of 14.3 cents was paid for a 6-ounce can of the product.

The normal seasonal increase in purchases of frozen concentrated lemonade failed to materialize in June 1958. As a result, purchases of the product were 8 percent below the level of a year earlier. About 14 percent of the Nation's families bought the concentrate, compared with 17 percent in June 1957. The average buying family purchase, amounting to about 6 cans (6-ounce) for the 28-day period, was moderately larger. About 10.3 cents was paid for a can of frozen concentrated lemonade, the lowest reported in this series, begun in October 1951. Prices paid for the product declined relatively more than purchases increased, and buying family expenditures were somewhat less than in June 1957. Total consumer expenditures for the month, as well as those for the season, were well below levels of a year earlier (table 1, fig. 2).

Canned juices and fruit: Household purchases of canned single-strength juices in 28 days in June 1958 were up about 13 percent from the corresponding period a year earlier. Purchases averaged 3.2 cans (46-ounce) for the 51 percent of the Nation's families that bought this type of juice. In comparison, purchases averaged 3 cans for the 49 percent buying in June 1957. Prices paid for single-strength juices were moderately higher than a year earlier (tables 2 and 8).

Purchases of canned single-strength orange juice in June 1958 rose 24 percent over June a year earlier. An average of 2.2 cans (46-ounce) of the product was purchased by the 11 percent of families buying, a gain of 3 percent in the family purchase and 2 percentage points in the proportion buying. Purchases this season were about 50 percent ahead of the corresponding 1956-57 period. Approximately 34.3 cents was paid for a 46-ounce can of single-strength orange juice, a rise of 2.4 cents over June 1957. On the average, buying families spent about 7 cents more for canned orange juice than a year earlier (table 2, fig. 3).

Household purchases of canned single-strength grapefruit juice in June 1958 were down 16 percent from the level of a year earlier. This season's purchases of the product, however, were only about 3 percent behind the

corresponding period in 1956-57. The decline in volume of purchases from June 1957 was associated with some drop in the proportion of families buying and a 9-percent decrease in their purchases. Prices paid, at 31.4 cents per 46-ounce can of single-strength grapefruit juice, were up 4.3 cents from June 1957, and were the highest reported since October 1950. While the average buying family spent about 4 cents more for grapefruit juice than in June 1957, total consumer expenditures for the 28-day period remained at about the June 1957 level (table 2, fig. 3).

There was a relatively small seasonal upturn in purchases of single-strength lemon juice in June 1958, with the volume of purchases substantially below June 1957. This season's purchases, however, held at about the 1956-57 level. The decline in volume in comparison with the year earlier was associated with a drop in the proportion of families buying, and some decrease in the average buying family purchase. Prices paid for canned lemon juice dropped 1 cent from June 1957 to 10 cents per $5\frac{1}{2}$ or 6-ounce can in June 1958, the lowest reported since June 1952 (tables 2 and 6).

Household buying of prune juice in June 1958 was at the lowest level reported for more than 2 years. Purchases were down about 5 percent from June 1957, reflecting some decrease in the proportion of families buying and in the quantity purchased by the average buying family. About 33.9 cents was paid for a quart of prune juice, an advance of 1.1 cents over June 1957 (tables 2 and 7).

June 1958 household purchases of tomato juice were about the same as in the preceding June. This season's purchases to date also remained at about the level of a year earlier. Prices paid for tomato juice averaged 28.5 cents for a 46-ounce can, an advance of 1.7 cents from June 1957 (tables 2 and 7).

Household purchases of "other" canned single-strength juices-those not individually reported--were up 28 percent from June 1957. Purchases averaged about 2.5 cans (46-ounce) for the third of the Nation's families that bought during the 28-day period, a rise of 0.4 can in the average family purchase and 3 percentage points in the proportion buying. Prices paid in June 1958 for "other" juices averaged 31.5 cents per 46-ounce can, 0.9 cent more than a year earlier (tables 2 and 8).

Household buying of canned grapefruit sections in June 1958 reflected a 26-percent gain over the preceding June. This gain brought this season's purchases to about the level of the corresponding 1956-57 period. Nearly 6 percent of the Nation's families bought canned grapefruit sections in June 1958, compared with somewhat less than 5 percent a year earlier. However, the average buying family purchase-about 50 ounces-was somewhat smaller. Prices paid for grapefruit sections were up 1.5 cents to 20.1 cents per No. 303 can. Buying family expenditures were about 3 cents greater than in June 1957 (tables 2 and 4).

Fresh fruit: Household purchases of fresh oranges during the 4-week period in June 1958 dropped about 33 percent from the corresponding period a year

earlier. About one-fourth of the Nation's families purchased oranges during the month compared with about one-third in the preceding June. The average buying family purchased about 20 oranges in June 1958, the same as a year earlier. With prices averaging 61.5 cents a dozen, buying families spent about \$1.04 for oranges in June 1958. This compares with 81 cents a year earlier, when prices averaged 47.7 cents. To date, purchases this season were about 14 percent below the corresponding period in 1956-57, while total consumer expenditures for the season were down about 7 percent (table 3, fig. 4).

Purchases of California-Arizona oranges dropped 19 percent from the June 1957 level, while purchases of Florida oranges were down 54 percent. California-Arizona oranges commanded a price of 62.9 cents a dozen, 10.5 cents more than a year earlier. Florida oranges were purchased at 62.1 cents per dozen, an advance of 20.4 cents over the preceding June. Purchases of oranges not identified as to area of production were down about one-third from the preceding June, while prices paid were up 13.8 cents (table 3, fig. 5).

Purchases of fresh grapefruit in June 1958 fell 44 percent from the level of a year earlier. The proportion of families buying--10 percent--was down about 5 percentage points, and the average buying family purchase--7.8 grape-fruit--was down about 9 percent. Prices paid for grapefruit, up 27 cents over June 1957, averaged \$1.25 per dozen, the record high for this series. With purchases dropping relatively more than prices advanced, total consumer expenditures for the month were down about one-fourth from a year earlier. Total consumer expenditures for the season, however, were about the same as a year earlier (table 3, fig. 4).

Purchases of California-Arizona grapefruit remained at about the 1956-57 level, while buying of Florida grapefruit was down 70 percent. Purchases of unidentified grapefruit also declined substantially. Prices paid for California-Arizona grapefruit were up about 27 cents to \$1.12 cents per dozen in June 1958, while for Florida grapefruit, prices were up 46 cents to a record of \$1.49 per dozen.

Purchases of lemons improved moderately in June 1958 over the corresponding 28 days a year earlier, with this season's purchases also moderately greater than in the corresponding 1956-57 months. Buying family purchases rose from about 11 lemons in June 1957 to a little more than 13. The proportion of families buying, however, was down about 4 percentage points. Prices paid for lemons were up 1 cent from June 1957 to 42.7 cents a dozen. The average buying family spent about 9 cents more for lemons in June 1958 than in June a year earlier (table 3, fig. 4).

Table 1.--Frozen juices, chilled juice, and concentrated ades: Summary U. S. consumer purchases and average prices paid, June 1958 and 1957 (4-week period)

	Percen	tage of				Per buyi	ng family		:		
Commodity	all fa		Total p	urchases	Purc	chases	Quanti purc	ty per hase	: Avera	ge price	s paid
:	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	Unit	1958	1957
	Percent	Percent	1,000 gallons	1,000 gallons	Number	Number	Ounces	Ounces	Ounces	Cents	Cents
Frozen concentrated juices:											
OrangeGrapefruitOther concentrates	1/	30.3 1.0 <u>2</u> /	3,320 <u>1/</u> 700	5,838 92 581	2.1 1/ 2/	2.1 1.3 <u>2</u> /	16.8 1/ 13.8	23.7 18.2 13.7	6 6 6	23.9 1/ 19.2	13.3 14.7 17.9
Total	26.8	32.9	4,074	6,511	2.4	2.3	16.1	22.2			
Chilled orange juice	4.0	3.7	2,087	1,933	3.4	3.4	38.6	39•9	<u>3</u> /32	40.4	34.9
Concentrated ades:											
Frozen:											
Lemonade	14.3	17.0	2,048	2,231	1.4	1.5	25.5	22.8	6	10.3	11.0
Shelf-pack:											
Orangeade	1.6	1.1	144	107	1.4	1.4	16.5	17.1	6	17.9	17.0

^{1/} Too few purchases reported for analysis.
2/ Information not available.
3/ Per equivalent quart.

Table 2.--Canned single-strength juices, orangeade, and grapefruit sections: Summary U. S. consumer purchases and average prices paid, June 1958 and 1957 (4-week period)

	Percent	tage of	:			Per buyi	ng family		:		
Commodity	all far buyi		Total pu	rchases	Purc	hases	Quanti purc	ty per hase	: Averag	e price	s paid
·	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	Unit	1958	1957
	Percent	Percent	1,000 cases 1/	1,000 cases 1/	Number	Number	Ounces	Ounces	Ounces	Cents	Cents
ingle-strength juices:											
Orange Grapefruit		9.0 7.5	1,328 749	1,071 888	1.8 1.5	1.7 1.5	57.4 60.2	59.2 66.3	46 46	34.3 31.4	31.9 27.1
Lemon	3.6	4.5	84	105	1.2	1.3	15.9	15.1	5 1 -6	10.0	11.0
Prune	6.7 17.1	7.2 17.3	600 1,751	629 1 ,761	1.8 1.5	1.8 1.5	40.7 57.5	41.0 58.0	32 46	33.9 28.5	32.8 26.8
All other	31.7	28.8	4,278	3,351	2.1	1.9	55.0	51.6	46	31.5	30.6
Total	51.3	49.1	8,790	7,805	2.7	2.6	53.9	52.8			
ingle-strength orangeade:	4.1	4.8	553	652	1.6	1.5	73.2	78.5	46	27.8	26.8
rapefruit sections:	5.8	4.6	312	248	1.4	1.5	35•9	34.6	<u>2</u> /16	20.1	18.6

 $^{1\!\!/}$ Equivalent cases 24 No. 2 cans...432 oz. per case, except 480 oz. per case for grapefruit sections. $2\!\!/$ Net weight 1 lb. (No. 303 can).

Table 3.--Fresh ctirus fruit: Summary U. S. consumer purchases and average prices paid, June 1958 and 1957 (4-week period)

	Percent	age of			: :	Per buyin	ng family		: . Arrown c	
Commodity	all far	ilies :	Total pu	rchases	Purc	hases	Quanti purc			ge price dozen
	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957
	Percent	Percent	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	Number	Number	Units	Units	Cents	Cents
ranges:										
California-Arizona Florida Unidentified	17.6 4.3 4.6	21.7 10.5 6.2	685 264 152	846 575 228	1.7 2.0 1.4	1.4 1.6 1.2	10.5 11.6 10.7	11.3 13.2 12.5	62.9 62.1 56.4	52.4 41.7 42.6
Total 1/	24.2	33.6	1,125	1,676	1.9	1.7	10.7	12.0	61.5	47.7
California-Arizona Florida Unidentified	3.9 3.3 4.0	2.6 8.5 5.1	175 135 160	179 447 232	1.7 1.6 1.6	1.7 1.7 1.5	4.4 3.8 4.0	5.9 4.5 4.5	112.5 148.8 126.8	85.3 102.7 101.8
Total 1/	10.0	14.7	496	880	1.9	1.8	4.1	4.8	125.0	97.8
emons	25.8	29.6	508	472	1.7	1.4	7.8	7.8	42.7	41.7

^{1/} Includes purchases of Texas fruit.

Table 4.--Frozen concentrated grapefruit juice and canned grapefruit sections: Consumer purchases and average price paid, october 1956 to date

	:	Frozen co	ncentrate	d grapefi	ruit juice		:	Janr	ned grapef	ruit sect	ions	
Period	all fa	tage of milies ing		hases		e price -ounce an	: Percen : all fa : buy			hases		ge price No. 303 ean
	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57
	Percent	Percent	1,000 gallons	1,000 gallons	Cents	Cents	Percent	Percent	1,000 cases 1/	1,000 cases 1/	Cents	Cents
ctober ovember ecember 3/	2/ 2/	1.3 1.1 2/	73 2/ 2/ 217	98 70 2/ 250	15•5 2/ 2/	14.3 13.8 2/	5.2 4.8 4.1	6.7 5.6 5.0	282 256 209	384 313 261	18.7 19.1 19.0	18.1 18.0 18.6
anuaryebruary	<u>2/</u> 2/	1.2 1.0 2/	2/ 2/ 82	87 81 2/	2/ 2/ 17.3	14.0 14.0 2/	5.4 5.3 4.7	5.3 5.0 4.6	300 279 240	280 260 250	19.0 19.0 19.8	18.1 18.1 18.5
October-March 3/pril	1.0	2/ 1.0 1.0	452 76 2/ 2/	522 2/ 70 92	17.1 2/ 2/	2/ 14.9 14.7	5.1 5.7 5.8	5.0 5.0 4.6	1,675 278 303 312	1,853 238 242 248	19.8 19.7 20.1	18.6 18.8 18.6
October-June 3/ uly ugust sptember Season 3/		2/2/2/	667	751 2/ 2/ 2/ 942		2/ 2/ 2/ 14.4		5•3 5•4 5•1	2,649	2,638 296 301 285 3,588		18.7 19.1 18.7

^{1/} Equivalent cases 24 No. 2 cans, 480 oz. per case.
2/ Too few purchases reported for analysis.
3/ The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

Table 5. -- Other and total frozen concentrated juices: Consumer purchases, October 1956 to date 1/

	Othe	er frozen conce	ntrated juic	es <u>2</u> /	Tota	l frozen con	centrated jui	ces
Period	Pur	chases	per 6	ge price -ounce can	Percen all fa buy		Purc	hases
:	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57
	1,000 gallons	1,000 gallons	Cents	Cents	Percent	Percent	1,000 gallons	1,000 gallons
ctober ovember ecember October-December 3/	554 572 576 1,817	434 380 433 1,381	17.9 18.4 18.0	18.2 18.5 18.4	32.9 33.5 31.9	30.9 30.1 30.7	6,478 6,405 5,936 20,232	5,602 5,268 5,399 17,542
anuary. ebruary. arch. October-March 3/	718 782 739	491 518 549 3,077	18.5 18.5 19.0	18.3 17.9 17.9	30.9 31.2 30.0	29.7 30.1 29.6	5,408 5,276 5,181 37,466	5,523 5,765 5,765 36,032
orilay.	808 703 700	492 528 581	19.2 19.3 19.2	18.4 18.1 17.9	28.9 27.6 26.8	29.9 32.9 32.9	4,876 4,685 4,074	5,497 6,894 6,511
October-June <u>3</u> / uly ugust eptember Season <u>3</u> /		4,814 636 567 502 6,667		18.1 18.2 18.3 18.1		32.4 31.6 31.1	52,242	56,493 6,177 5,824 5,892 75,792

^{1/} Percentage of families buying other frozen concentrated juices and the weighted average prices paid for total frozen concentrated juices are not available.

Table 6 .-- Chilled orange juice and single-strength lemon juice: Consumer purchases and average prices paid, October 1956 to date

		(hilled or	ange juic	e		:	Sing	le-streng	th lemon	juice	
Period	all fa	milies ing		chases	per eq	ge price quivalent part	: all fa	umilies ving	: Purc	hases	: oun	5½-6 ce can
	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-5
	Percent	Percent	1,000 gallons	1,000 gallons	Cents	Cents	Percent	Percent	1,000 cases 1/	1,000 cases 1/	Cents	Cents
October November Occember October-December 2/	4.1 3.5	3.0 2.7 3.3	1,794 1,869 1,786 5,958	1,146 1,296 1,579 4,398	36:3 35.8 35.9	36.8 37.3 36.1	2.2 2.0 2.3	2.2 1.8 2.0	48 45 50 156	49 42 47	11.1 10.3 10.3	12.1 11.7 12.6
January Pebruary	4.3 4.7 4.8	3.2 3.6 3.4	2,129 2,163 2,277	1,666 1,650 1,794	35.4 36.4 38.4	35.0 35.7 35.5	1.9 2.2 2.3	2.1 2.0 2.5	38 47 54	45 38 48	10.0 11.1 11.0	12.6 12.6 12.3
October-March 2/ April	4.4 4.2 4.0	3.6 3.5 3.7	13,153 2,147 2,099 2,087 19,944	9,968 1,858 1,937 1,933 16,185	39.6 40.9 40.4	35.6 35.2 34.9	2.6 3.1 3.6	2.3 2.9 4.5	304 55 68 84 525	292 48 63 105 521	10.4 10.6 10.0	10.9 10.7 11.0
July	·	3.3 3.1 3.0		1,674 1,574 1,525 21,347		35.0 35.1 35.7 35.5		4.5 3.4 2.6		108 87 55 787		10.4 10.8 10.3

^{2/} All frozen concentrated juices except orange and grapefruit are reported as other.
3/ The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

^{1/} Equivalent cases 24 No. 2 cans...432 oz. per case.
2/ The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

Table 7.--Canned single-strength prune and tomato juices: Consumer purchases and average prices paid, October 1956 to date

			Prune	juice			<u>:</u>		Tomato	juice		
Period	all fa	tage of milies ing		hases	: per 32	e price -ounce tle	: all fa	tage of milies ring		hases	:	5-ounce ean
	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57
	Percent	Percent	1,000 cases 1/	1,000 cases 1/	Cents	Cents	Percent	Percent	1,000 cases 1/	1,000 cases 1/	Cents	Cents
ctoberovemberecember	7.4 7.3	8.1 7.6 7.6	666 634 619	687 662 592	33.0 33.2 33.1	32.2 32.6 32.7	16.5 20.9 16.1	16.3 16.8 16.8	1,663 1,985 1,560	1,601 1,670 1,610	27.0 27.5 28.0	27.8 27.7 27.8
October-December 2/anuaryebruaryarch	7.7 7.5	7.8 7.6 8.9	2,047 684 655 659	2,086 701 686 724	32.9 33.6 33.4	32.9 32.8 32.8	18.8 18.1 18.1	17.8 18.2 19.2	1,892 1,859 1,873	1,777 1,811 2,045	27.7 27.9 28.5	28.2 27.4 27.1
October-March 2/pril.	7.4 7.0	8.0 7.4 7.2	4,205 644 642 600	4,366 699 663 629	34.0 33.7 33.9	32.7 32.6 32.8	18.6 17.4 1 7. 1	18.9 18.1 17.3	11,824 1,876 1,794 1,751	11,400 1,993 1,929 1,761	28.5 28.7 28.5	26.6 26.3 26.8
uly. uly. ugust eptember. Season 2/		7.2 7.0 7.8	6,200	6,506 623 595 670 8,526		33.0 32.8 33.0 32.8		16.1 16.1 16.1	17,602	17,506 1,729 1,654 1,581 22,841		26.8 26.5 26.4 27.1

Table 8.--Other and total single-strength juices: Consumer purchases and average price paid, October 1956 to date

	:	Other	single-s	trength j	uices 1/		:	Total	single-s	trength j	uices	
Period	all fa	tage of milies ing			: Average: per 46		: all fa	tage of milies ing		hases	: per	ge price No. 2 can
	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57
	Percent	Percent	1,000 cases 2/	1,000 cases 2/	Cents	Cents	Percent	Percent	1,000 cases 2/	1,000 cases 2/	Cents	Cents
October	29.0 26.5	27.0 26.2 26.9	3,576 3,315 3,033	2,951 2,760 2,717	31.6 31.8 32.5	30.2 30.5 31.5	50.1 50.7 47.1	46.6 45.9 46.0	8,180 8,186 7,047 25,166	6,947 6,781 6,552 21,882	13.5 13.5 13.8	13.9 14.0 14.2
January	29.2 30.6	27.3 27.3 27.7	3,501 3,746 3,976	3,017 3,104 3,321	31.8 31.2 31.5	30.9 30.8 30.6	50.9 51.3 52.0	47.2 47.7 49.0	8,435 8,471 8,940	7,293 7,534 7,928	13.4 13.5 13.7	13.9 13.7 13.7
October-March 3/	30.6 31.5 31.7	26.9 28.0 28.8	22,793 3,626 4,146 4,278	19,338 3,201 3,403 3,351	32.4 31.8 31.5	30.7 30.6 30.6	51.5 51.4 51.3	48.2 48.2 49.1	53,313 8,584 8,898 8, 7 90	7,868 7,925 7,805	13.9 13.9 14.0	13.5 13.5 13.5
October-June 3/		28.2 27.7 26.0	35,835	30,075 3,417 3,316 2,912 40,406		31.1 31.1 31.7 30.9		47.8 47.6 45.9	81,539	72,002 7,877 7,569 7,143 96,254		13.6 13.6 13.6

^{1/} Equivalent cases 24 No. 2 cans...432 oz. per case.
2/ The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

^{1/} Includes all single-strength juices except orange, grapefruit, lemon, prune and tomato.
2/ Equivalent cases 24 No. 2 cans...432 oz. per case.
3/ The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

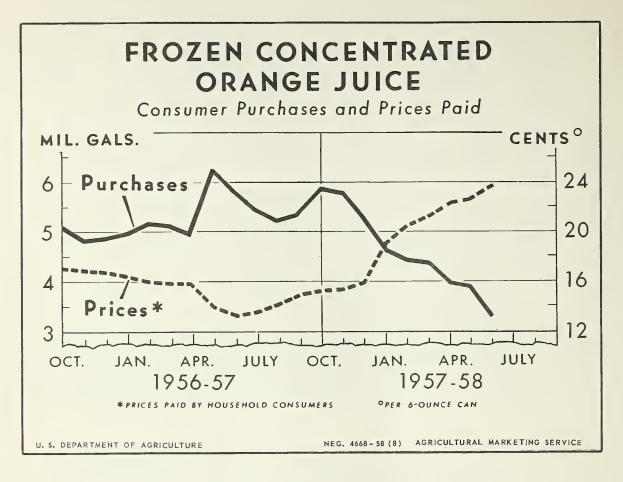


Figure 1

Frozen concentrated orange juice: Consumer purchases and average price paid, October 1956 to date

Period :_	Percentag families		Purch	ases		e price oz. can
	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57
:	Percent	Percent	1,000 gallons	1,000 gallons	Cents	Cents
october	30.9 31.2 29.3	29•3 28•6 28•9	5,851 5,770 5,288	5,070 4,818 4,896	15.2 15.4 15.9	17.0 16.7 16.6
October-December 1/:			18,198	15,911	-0 -	
January: February: Jarch	27•9 28•0 26•7	27•9 28•3 27•7	4,626 4,423 4,360	4,945 5,166 5,132	18.9 20.3 21.2	16.3 16.0 15.9
October-March 1/	27.1		32,753	32,433	Linda V Lin	
April	25.2 24.2 23.5	28.0 30.8 30.3	3,992 3,915 3,320	4,959 6,296 5,838	22.2 22.5 23.9	15.9 14.0 13.3
October-June 1/			44,896	50,928		
nuly		29•7 29•3 28•6		5,487 5,203 5,325		13.5 14.2 14.9
Season 1/:				68,183		15.3

^{1/} The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

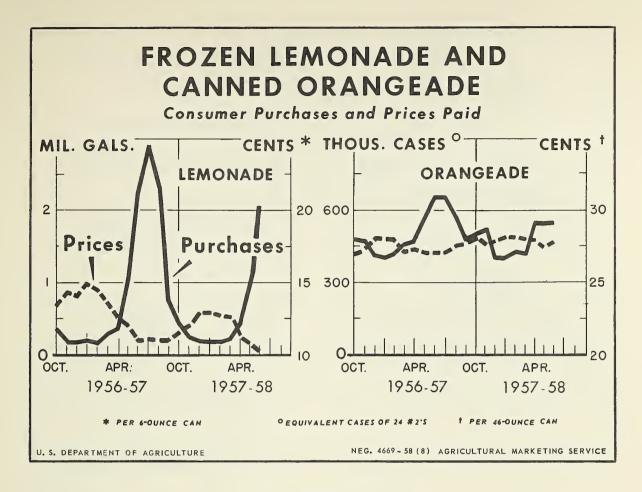


Figure 2

Frozen lemonade concentrate and canned single-strength orangeade: Consumer purchases and average price paid, October 1956 to date

	:	Froz	en lemons	de concer	ntrate		:	Canned	single-st	rength or	angeade	
		ge of all		hases	: per 6	ge price oz. can	: femilie		Fure	hases		ge price oz. can
	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	:1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57
	: Percent	Percent	1,000 gallons	1,000 gallons	Cents	Cents	Percent	Percent	1,000 cases 1/	1,000 cases 1/	Cents	Cents
October November December.	2.3	3.8 1.9 1.9	415 228 203	350 148 166	11.5 12.0 12.9	13.4 14.3 14.1	3.9 3.6 3.0	3.4 3.4 2.9	494 518 412	484 466 401	28.0 27.5 27.9	26.9 27.2 28.0
October-December 2/ January February Merch	: 2.3 : 2.3	2.1 1.9 2.8	891 181 191 216	718 176 161 280	12.9 12.7 12.6	14.9 14.4 13.4	2.9 3.2 3.2	2.6 3.2 3.2	1,514 402 424 417	1,428 393 409 450	28.2 28.2 27.8	27.9 27.9 27.0
October-March 2/AprilMayMay	4.7 8.8 14.3	3.5 8.5 17.0	1,548 434 1,115 2,048	1,382 366 1,010 2,231	11.4 10.8 10.3	12.4 11.9 11.0	4.4 3.7 4.1	3.4 4.2 4.8	2,867 553 550 553 4,678	2,781 465 572 652	27.9 27.4 27.8	27.2 26.8 26.8
October-June 2/ July August September Season 2/	: : : :	19.1 16.0 6.4	5,761	5,397 2,930 2,307 730 11,764		11.1 10.9 10.9		4.4 4.4 3.4	4,678	4,609 653 576 470 6,463		26.8 27.4 27.5 27.2

Lequivalent cases 24 No. 2 cans-432 ownces per case.

[2] The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

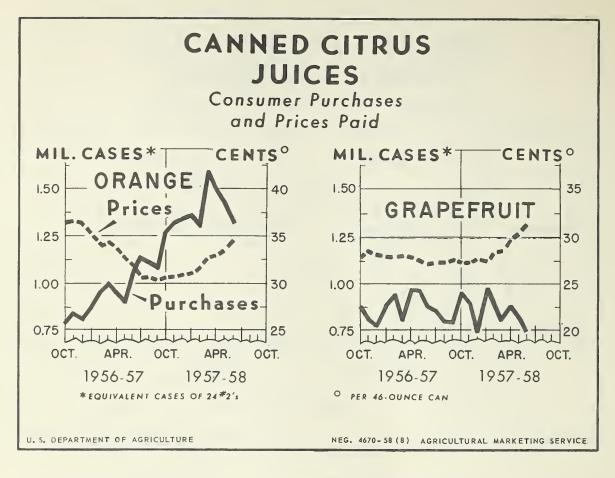


Figure 3

Canned citrus juices: Consumer purchases and average price paid, October 1956 to date

	:		Canned or	range juic			:		nned grap	efruit ju	ice	
Period		ge of all		chases		ge price 5 oz. can				hases		ge price
	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-5
	Percent	Percent	1,000 cases 1	1,000 / cases l/	/ Cents	Cents	Percent	Percent	1,000 cases 1/	1,000 cases 1/	Cents	Cents
ctober fovember ecember October-December 2/	9.6	7•9 8•0 7•9	1,268 1,313 1,042 3,885	775 834 810 2,631	30.6 30.7 30.9	36.4 36.6 36.4	8.1 7.8 6.6	8.0 7.2 6.6	959 894 743 2,814	884 813 776 2,663	27.4 27.4 27.6	27.9 28.6 28.1
ebruary	: 11.8	8.0 9.1 9.1	1,353 1,309 1,580	871 956 993	31.1 31.7 32.6	35.0 34.0 34.4	8.5 7.7 6.9	7.9 8.1 7.3	967 855 798	882 939 797	27.3 28.1 28.4	27.9 27.9 28.1
October-March 2/ April April	: 11.4 : 11.0 : 11.0	9•2 8•1 9•0	1,504 1,433 1,328 13,129	5,663 949 898 1,071 8,849	32.8 33.4 34.3	33•9 32•7 31•9	7.8 7.4 7.2	8.3 8.1 7.5	5,639 879 815 749 8,248	5,515 978 969 888 8,545	29.5 30.4 31.4	27.8 27.4 27.1
October-June 2/ uly ugust. eptember Season 2/	: : : :	9•9 9•6 9•5	13,129	1,146 1,124 1,132		30.5 30.6 30.3		7.4 7.2 7.2		854 793 793 11,172		27.4 27.3 27.6

^{1/} Equivalent cases 24 No. 2 cans--432 ounces per case.
2/ The data on household purchases are based on 4-veek periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

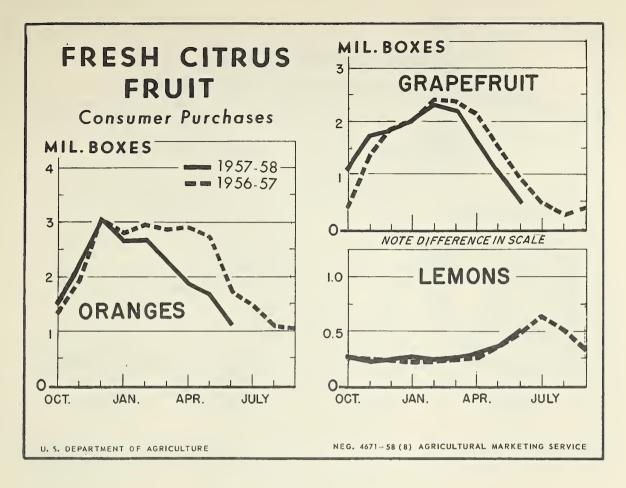


Figure 4

Fresh citrus fruit: Consumer purchases and average price paid, October 1956 to date

Period	Oranges				Grapefruit				Lemons			
	Purchases : Averag			e price dozen	Purcl	Purchases		: Average price : per dozen		Purchases		Average price per dozen
	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-5
	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	Cents	Cents	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	Cents	Cents	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	Cents	Cents
etober yvember ecember	3,039	1,301 1,961 3,045	46.9 39.8 41.6	45.2 40.0 39.8	1,152 1,726 1,825	444 1,359 1,839	90.8 85.9 83.8	118.7 90.0 82.6	259 226 243	248 232 223	44.1 47.1 46.6	46.2 47.5 47.4
October-December 1/	7,343	7,068			5,146	4,076			790	774		
muary bruary		2,772 2,944 2,870	49.5 51.9 56.8	41.8 42.4 44.8	2,000 2,336 2,193	2,020 2,407 2,389	88.5 86.1 89.6	80.3 76.1 78.7	261 242 251	217 220 239	46.9 47.8 46.5	50.1 49.1 46.2
October-March 1/	15,578	16,405			12,266	11,492			1,604	1,508		
rily we	1,686	2,938 2,719 1,676	63.7 62.0 61.5	46.4 48.5 47.7	1,638 1,085 496	2,131 1,540 880	103.0 116.6 125.0	82.2 90.1 97.8	295 363 50 8	285 359 472	45.2 44.6 42.7	43.2 43.3 41.7
October-June 1/	20,651	24,276			15,656	16,359			2,888	2,727		
nly gust eptember		1,477 1,129 1,045		46.5 47.8 49.3		477 246 392		105.5 115.9 109.5		642 508 327		40.8 42.5 43.6
Season 1/		28,193		44.3		17,510		85.3		4,322		44.1

^{1/} The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

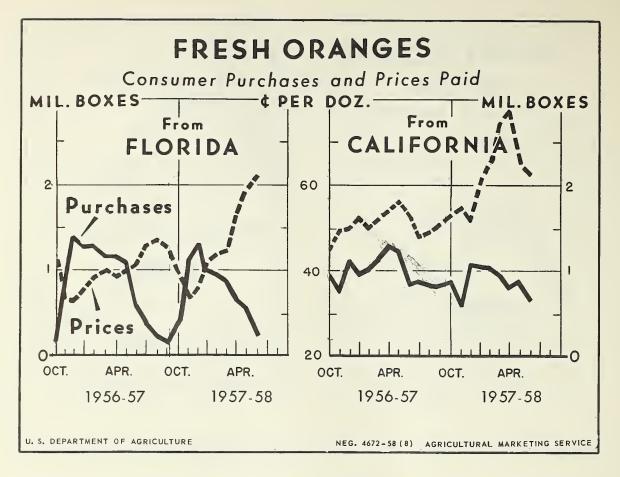


Figure 5

Florida and California-Arizona fresh oranges: Consumer purchases and average price paid, October 1956 to date

Period		Flo	rida		California-Arizona					
	Purch	ases		e price dozen	Purch	ases	Average price per dozen			
	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957 - 58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57		
:	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	Cents	Cents	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	Cents	Cents		
ctober	427 1,114 1,310	166 855 1,368	39.0 33.4 35.9	44.9 33.4 32.8	842 593 1,060	938 746 1 , 098	53.1 54.4 51.9	45.6. 48.6 49.8		
October-December 1/	3,135	2,750			2,701	3,024				
anuaryebruaryarch	991 959 851	1,269 1,294 1,168	42.0 43.6 45.1	35.8 38.2 39.8	1,031 1,017 922	978 1,024 1,126	61.9 65.8 74.5	52.4 50.6 52.0		
October-March 1/	6,153	6,769			5,924	6,455				
oril	675 5 5 2 26 4	1,165 1,085 575	52.9 58.1 62.1	38.7 39.9 41.7	803 872 685	1,291 1,221 846	77.7 65.6 62.9	53•9 56•2 52•4		
October-June 1/	7,741	9,800			8,515	10,054				
ilygustptember		383 200 117		45.7 46.9 45.6		887 810 800		47.8 48.7 50.3		
Season 1/:		10,532		37.7		12,747		50.9		

^{1/} The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

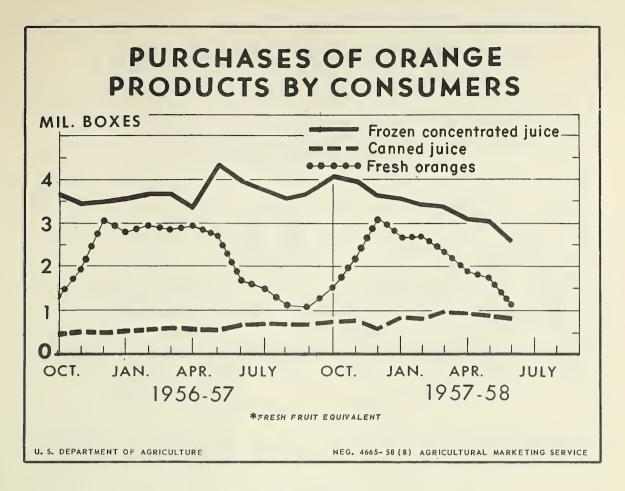


Figure 6

Consumer purchases of orange products, equivalent boxes of fresh oranges, October 1956 to date

Period	Fre		Frozen co orange	ncentrated juice	Canned streng streng orange ju	gth	Total	
	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57
	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes
ctober	1,526 2,162 3,039	1,301 1,961 3,045	4,037 3,981 3,649	3,620 3,440 3,496	724 750 595	459 494 480	6,287 6,893 7,283	5,380 5,895 7,021
October-December 1/:	7,343	7,068	12,557	11,360	2,218	1,558	22,118	19,986
January Pebruary Jarch	2,666 2,670 2,297	2,772 2,944 2,870	3,557 3,401 3,353	3,531 3,689 3,664	8 36 809 9 7 6	516 566 588	7, 05 9 6,880 6,626	6,819 7,199 7,122
October-March 1/:	15,578	15,405	23,750	23,157	5,100	3,353	44,428	42,915
pril ay une	1,884 1,686 1,125	2,938 2,719 1,676	3,090 3,0 3 0 2, 570	3,372 4,281 3,970	937 8 93 827	571 541 <i>6</i> 45	5,911 5,609 4,522	6,881 7,541 6,291
October-June 1/	20,651	24,276	33,149	35,734	7,954	5,271	61,754	65,281
uly: ugust: eptember		1,477 1,129 1,045		3,786 3,590 3,674		690 677 681		5,953 5,396 5,400
Season 1/:		28,193		47,640		7,482		83,315

^{1/} The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

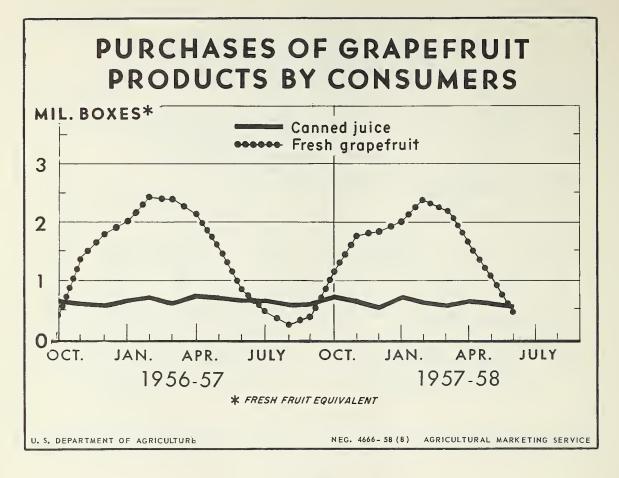


Figure 7

Consumer purchases of grapefruit products, equivalent boxes of fresh grapefruit, October 1956 to date

Period :	Fre grape:	esh fruit	Canned s strer grapefruit	gth	Total.		
	1957-58	1956-57	195 7-5 8	1956-57	195 7- 58	1956-57	
:	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	
tobervember	1,152 1,726 1,825	циц 1,359 1,839	715 667 554	674 620 592	1,867 2,393 2,379	1,118 1,979 2,431	
October-December 1/	5,146	4,076	2,099	2,663	7,245	2,431 6,739	
nuarybruary	2,000 2,336 2,193	2,020 2,407 2,389	7 22 639 596	673 716 608	2,722 2 , 975 2 , 789	2,693 3,123 2,997	
October-March 1/	12,266	11,492	4,209	4,839	16,475	16,331	
ril y	1,638 1,085 49 6	2,131 1,540 880	657 610 560	735 729 668	2,295 1,695 1, 05 6	2,866 2,269 1,548	
October-June 1/	15,656	16,359	6,161	7,118	21,817	23,477	
lygust		477 246 392		652 605 605		1,129 851 997	
Season 1/		17,510		9,122		26,632	

^{1/} The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

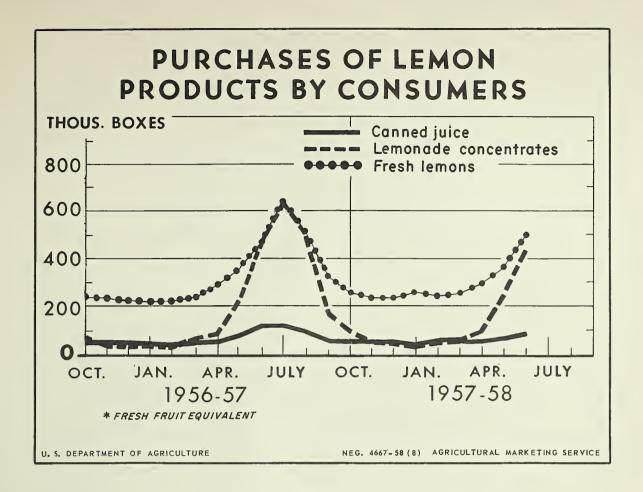


Figure 8

Consumer purchases of lemon products, equivalent boxes of fresh lemons, October 19% to date

Period	Fresh lemons		Lemon juice <u>l</u> /		Cor	centrate :	Total			
					Frozen				Total 2/	
	1957-58.	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57	1957-58	1956-57
	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes
ctoberovemberecember	259 226 243	248 2 3 2 223	55 51. 57	53 44 50	88 40 43	7 ⁴ 31 3 5	89 50 45	75 32 36	403 327 345	376 308 309
October-December 3/anuaryebruaryarch	261 242 251	774 217 220 239	178 41 53 61	162 49 42 50	188 38 40 46	151 37 34 59	194 39 43 48	154 38 35 61	1,162 341 338 360	1,090 304 297 350
October-March 3/ pril. ay. une October-June 3/	295 363 508	285 359 472 2,727	344 59 73 90 581	315 51 70 115 567	327 92 235 432 1,216	291 77 213 471 1,138	339 94 239 439 1,244	298 80 216 478 1,152	2,287 448 675 1,037 4,713	2,121 416 645 1,065 4,446
uly. ugust. eptember Season 3/		642 508 327 4,322		116 95 60 855		618 487 154 2,481		629 500 160 2,511		1,387 1,103 547 7,688

^{1/} Includes canned single-strength lemon juice and small quantities of frozen single-strength juice.
2/ Includes shelf-pack lemonade base.

^{3/} The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

Penalty for Private Use to Avoid Payment of Postage, \$300